

# "Golden Prospects: Navigating the Path to Potential Wealth with Precious Metals Miners in 2024"

## Baker Steel Capital Managers LLP

Gold has largely fulfilled its traditional role in recent years, protecting purchasing power in the face of rampant inflation, and withstanding the headwinds of rising real interest rates and surging US dollar strength. In contrast, precious metals miners, which typically offer operationally leveraged exposure to gold and silver, have faced weakness since late-2020, as mixed investor sentiment towards equities in general, weighed on share prices. Following this period of consolidation, the gold sector now finds itself well-supported by near- and long-term tactical themes, while miners appear historically undervalued despite being in healthy financial shape and paying encouraging dividends.

The catalysts for gold's move to new highs and precious metals miners' recovery are increasingly clear. A major macroeconomic shift appears to be underway as the US rate hike cycle turns, inflation fades, and economic risks rise. Historical precedent indicates a strong period ahead for precious metals and, perhaps more so than in previous cycles, we believe that an actively managed precious metals equities strategy can deliver superior returns potential relative to physical gold and silver.



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### A new bull market for precious metals?

- **The end of US rate hike cycles historically pushed gold to new highs** – In the past three cycles, gold rose >50% in the aftermath of a “pause” in hikes. Conviction is building that the US Fed has finished.
- **Gold tends to perform well amid economic and geopolitical uncertainty** - Economic risk is rising in the US under the “higher for longer” interest rate scenario. Confrontational geopolitics will likely continue.
- **De-dollarisation is gaining traction** – The US share of global trade is retreating, US debt growth is accelerating, and many emerging market central banks are reducing US treasury holdings.
- **Physical gold demand is robust** - Gold jewellery consumption continues to recover from COVID lows amid higher local prices (e.g. yuan, rupee), while central bank buying may reach another record high in 2023.
- **Gold miners are in strong shape** - Miners offer healthy margins and balance sheets, growth, ESG performance and dividends, while constructive M&A continues. The sector remains historically and relatively undervalued.

## When will the precious metals sector break out?



**Source:** Bloomberg, Canaccord Genuity. Data at 31 October 2023.

Since hitting its all-time high at the height of the COVID pandemic in the summer of 2020, gold has defied a range of negative market forces and traded between USD 1800-2000/oz for most of the past three years, while re-testing its high three times. This robust performance has been achieved despite the sharpest US interest rate hiking cycle in a generation and with the US dollar hitting a two-decade high. Importantly, gold has continued to make new highs in many other major currencies, including the Euro, Sterling, and Australian and Canadian dollar, during this period.

In contrast, gold mining equities have seen their share prices flounder. On a price-to-NAV (P/NAV) basis gold miners' valuations have declined -38% over the past

three years despite the gold price remaining virtually unchanged. Just to return to their 2020 highs, gold equities would have to rise +69% in nominal terms, and +100% in real terms (MSCI ACWI Select Gold Miners Index, at 31 October 2023). This de-rating has occurred despite the miners themselves benefitting from strong margins, effective operational performance, and robust balance sheets. The question for investors in this long-overlooked sector is: What are the catalysts to push gold to new highs and spark a rally in gold miners?

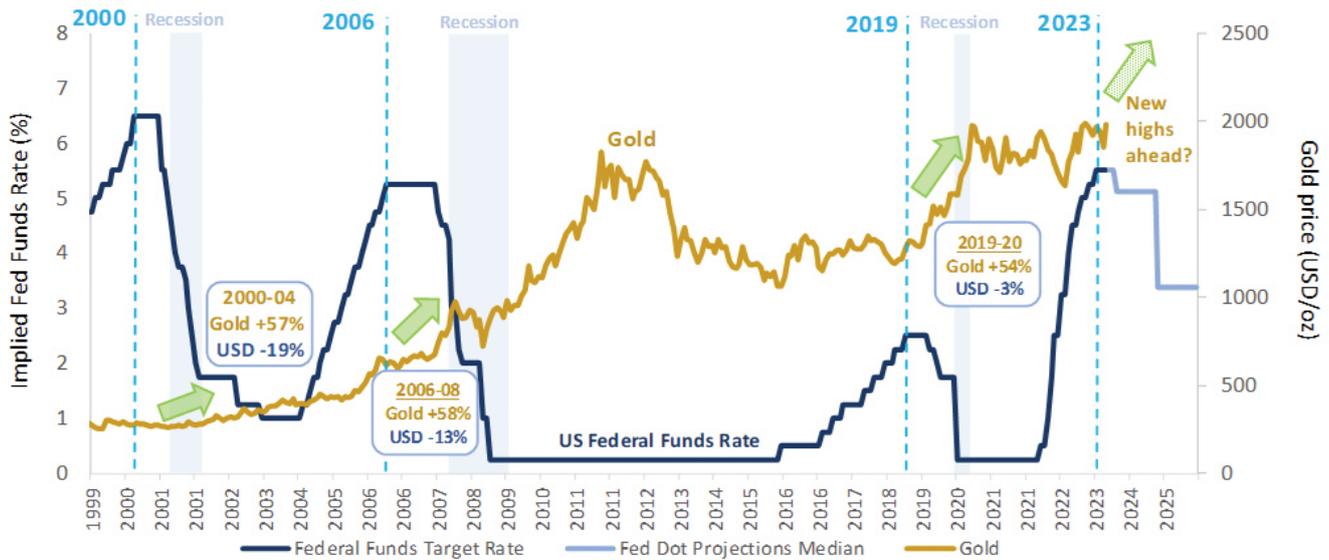
In the sections ahead, we explore the key drivers which we anticipate will initiate a recovery for the sector in the months ahead and underpin the new bull market for gold, silver and precious metals miners.

### Interest rates, inflation and rising economic risk – Has the inflection point been reached?

The most significant potential catalyst for higher gold prices in the months ahead is the end of the US interest rate hiking cycle. Hawkish rhetoric and expectations have proven a headwind for gold, which pays no income, as rising yields sapped demand. Yet with hawkish monetary policy now seemingly priced in and with the US Fed having “paused” rate hikes, we believe an inflection point has been reached whereby the outlook is increasingly favourable for gold.

As illustrated below, the gold price gained over 50% following a “pause” by the US Fed at the end of each of the past three rate hike cycles, in 2000, 2006 and 2019. If this historical precedent holds true, then we should ultimately expect to see gold prices approaching USD 3000/oz as the coming up-cycle gains pace. While as equity-focused investors we do not set target prices or make predictions for physical gold, we believe that this historical trend coupled with recent encouraging gold price performance strongly supports the case that a new bull market for gold and miners lies ahead.

## The end of the US interest rate cycle - New highs ahead for gold?



**Source:** Bloomberg, Baker Steel Capital Managers LLP. Data at 31 October 2023.

Alongside the benefits of steady or falling nominal and real interest rates for the gold sector, we consider that the rising economic risk for the US and globally, amid higher borrowing costs and lacklustre growth, is supportive for higher gold prices. While policymakers stick to the “soft landing” narrative, history shows that economic and financial conditions can change quickly. The full impact of the 5.25% of hikes enacted by the US Fed since early 2022 has likely not yet fed through to the real economy, and as a result we consider the probability of further difficulties for the US economy is substantial. The collapse of Silicon Valley Bank and two other mid-sized lenders in early 2023, which threatened contagion across the financial system, highlighted how swiftly crises can develop. Notably gold and gold equities reacted positively to the banking crisis, with gold re-testing its

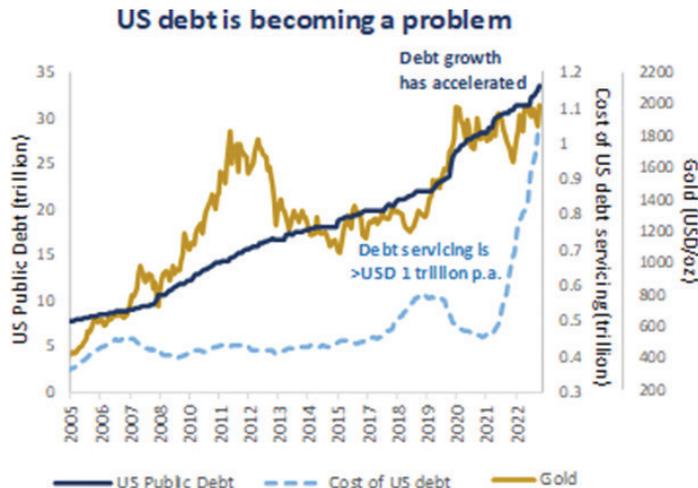
all-time high and gold miners rallying 17% during March 2023 alone (MSCI ACWI Select Gold Miners Index, in USD terms).

Gold has tended to perform well during periods of economic crisis and geopolitical turmoil, fulfilling its role as a safe haven investment. Economic risks aside, undoubtedly the world remains in a situation of significantly heightened geopolitical tensions, with Russia’s war in Ukraine nearing the end of its second year, Israel’s conflict with Hamas in Gaza threatening to escalate into a regional crisis in the Middle East, and continued tension between the US and China across a range of flashpoints such as trade, supply chains, and Taiwan.

## What would de-dollarisation mean for gold?

A key headwind for the gold price has been the surge in US dollar strength over the past three years to a twenty year high. A strong dollar is typically a negative factor for gold and silver which are priced primarily in US dollar terms, as is the case for most commodity markets. Recent rises in the US dollar can largely be attributed to the relative strength of the US economy compared to much of the rest of the world, amid the tumultuous

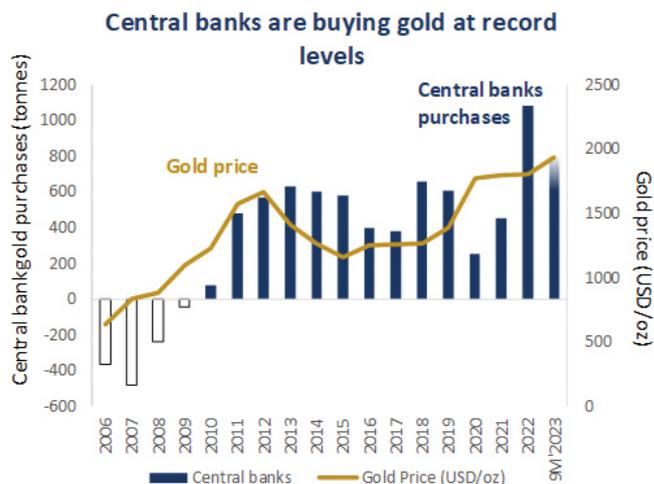
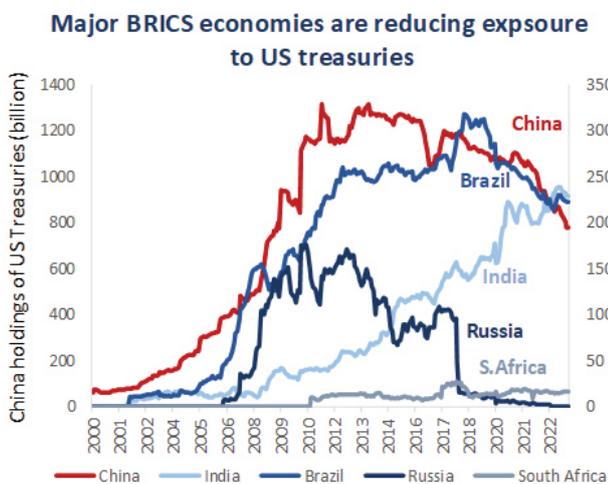
global events of the past few years which saw economies impacted by the COVID pandemic, war in Europe, the fight against climate change, as well as the return of inflation. There are however signs this dynamic may be starting to shift.



**Source:** Bloomberg, Baker Steel Capital Managers LLP. Data at 31 October 2023.

While the USA's status as the world's pre-eminent economic power and the US dollar's reserve currency status are not under threat, certain trends suggest the US's dominance may be becoming more precarious. The deterioration of US public finances is well-publicised, with US debt totalling over USD 33 trillion, a USD 1.7 trillion deficit, and over USD 1 trillion cost of debt

servicing for 2023. To put this in context, total US Government tax revenue was around USD 5 trillion in 2022, meaning that c.20% of the US tax take was spent on debt interest. This highlights starkly the scale of the risk to the US budget posed by the sharp rises in public debt in recent years and the impact of higher interest rates.



**Source:** Bloomberg, World Gold Council. Data at 31 October 2023.

Furthermore, the erosion of the US's share of global trade, amid geopolitical and strategic realignments, points towards potential de-dollarisation, notably in emerging markets. Not only are rising US rates and a strong dollar a problematic factor for emerging market countries with dollar-denominated debt, but the Russia-Ukraine war brought into sharp focus the risks of holding US debt. Notably China has been reducing its US Treasury holdings, as have certain other BRICS

economies. Trade is another area in which the influence of the US dollar is receding, most notably in the oil market where sales are increasingly being paid for in non-US dollar currencies. While de-dollarisation is at an early stage and is unlikely to rapidly occur, the longer-term implications are significant, re-shaping the global economy and adjusting the balance of power between countries and blocs. The resulting reduction in demand for dollars would indicate

a weakening of the currency over time. As countries seek alternatives to the US dollar, we believe gold has a role to play as a stable financial asset and proven safe haven investment, with a low correlation to broader financial markets. The relevance of gold for policymakers is exemplified by central banks' purchasing of physical gold, which hit an all-time high in 2022 and appears similarly strong in 2023.

### About Baker Steel Capital Managers LLP

Baker Steel Capital Managers LLP manages three award winning investment strategies, covering precious metals equities, speciality metals equities and diversified mining.

Baker Steel has a strong track record of outperformance relative to its peers and relative to passive investments in the metals and mining sector. Fund Managers Mark Burrige and David Baker have been awarded **two Sauren Gold Medals for 2021 and were awarded Fund Manager of the Year at the 2019 Mines & Money Awards.**

BAKERSTEEL Precious Metals Fund is a **2022 winner** for the fifth year running of the **Lipper Fund Awards** while Baker Steel Resources Trust has been named **Investment Company of the Year 2021, 2020, 2019,** Natural Resources, by Investment Week.

**Sources:** US Department of the Treasury, Bloomberg, Canaccord Genuity, World Gold Council.

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**Process-related challenges** (eg., challenges faced while refining, handling recycled materials, especially idols, temple offerings etc; challenges faced for getting the right flowability, right thickness and drying while printing etc) and **Product-related challenges** (nano-silver for specific applications, components quality, etc)

#### The mode of collaboration would be:

- (a) Support for new product development
- (b) Support a project based on our problem statement
- (c) Seeking Technology Transfer

For further details contact: [editor@bullionworld.in](mailto:editor@bullionworld.in)

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